Operating Systems

CMPT 424

-Lab 5

Goals

Implementing a scheduler and context switches

This approximately one-hour active learning exercise will you help you make progress on the practical aspects of developing your operating system.

Instructions

- 1. You will soon have three user programs in memory all at once and a PCB structure that facilitates keeping track of them. This is a good time to begin thinking about your CPU scheduler. Read up on the topic in the resources below before you being developing the code.
- 2. Remember that context switches are software interrupts and as such are treated as systems calls.
- 3. Add the new features as specified in your Issues and *i*Project 3.
- 4. Test.
- 5. Read chapter 5.3.4 in our text. Actually, read all of chapter 5, it will be on the exam.

Questions

1. A problem exactly like this will be on the exam.

Consider the following set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in milliseconds:

Process	Burst Time	Priority
P_1	10	3
P_2	1	1
P_3	2	3
P_4	1	4
P_5	5	2

The processes are assumed to have arrived in the order P_1 , P_2 , P_3 , P_4 , P_5 , all at time 0.

- a. Draw four Gantt charts that illustrate the execution of these processes using the following scheduling algorithms: FCFS, SJF, nonpreemptive priority (a smaller priority number implies a higher priority), and RR (quantum = 1).
- b. What is the turnaround time of each process for each of the scheduling algorithms in part a?
- c. What is the waiting time of each process for each of these scheduling algorithms?
- d. Which of the algorithms results in the minimum average waiting time (over all processes)?

Resources

- Chapter 3 in https://gustavus.edu/+max/os-book/
- Chapter 7 in http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/%7Eremzi/OSTEP/
- http://jimweller.com/jim-weller/jim/java_proc_sched/

Grading

Your work on this lab will contribute to your grade for the Mid-term Exam and iProject3.

Submitting

Commit your work to your **private** GitHub account in an appropriately-named folder. Make sure to tag your commit messages with the Issue number they address.